

IRAQ

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS	STATUS¹
United Nations (UN)	Member
Conference on Disarmament (CD)	Member
International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)	Member, violated Safeguards Agreement
Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW)	Member
Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty Organization Preparatory Commission	Member
Arms Control and Regional Security in the Middle East (ACRS)	-----
TREATIES & AGREEMENTS	
<i>Nuclear:</i>	
Nuclear Non-proliferation Treaty (NPT)	State Party
Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty (CTBT)	Signatory
Partial Test Ban Treaty (PTBT)	State Party
IAEA Safeguards Agreement	Yes (INFCIRC 172); violated ²
IAEA Additional Protocol	Signed 10/09/2008
Nuclear Safety Convention	-----
Joint Spent Fuel Management Convention	-----
Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material	-----
<i>Chemical & Biological:</i>	
Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)	State Party
Biological and Toxin Weapons Convention (BTWC)	State Party
BTWC Confidence Building Measures (CBMs) ³	Submitted ⁴
Geneva Protocol	State Party ⁵
<i>WMD delivery systems:</i>	
Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile	-----
<i>Other:</i>	
Proliferation Security Initiative	Participant
NONPROLIFERATION EXPORT CONTROLS	
Zanger Committee	-----
Nuclear Suppliers Group	-----
Australia Group	-----
Missile Technology Control Regime	-----
Wassenaar Arrangement	-----
Security Council resolution 1540 (2004) ⁶	Report submitted 4/13/05 Add.1 submitted 02/05/06
COUNTER -TERRORISM CONVENTIONS & OBLIGATIONS	
Security Council resolution 1373 (2001) ⁷	Report submitted 8/14/02 Report submitted 5/08/06
Security Council resolution 1267 (1991) & 1455 (2003) ⁸	-----
Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism	-----
Suppression of Terrorist Bombings	-----
Marking of Plastic Explosives for the Purpose of Detection	-----
Against the Taking of Hostages	Signatory

Offences and Certain Other Acts Committed on Board Aircraft	State Party
Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft	State Party
Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation	State Party
Protocol on the Suppression of Unlawful Acts of Violence at Airports Serving International Civil Aviation	State Party
Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Maritime Navigation	Signatory
Protocol for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Fixed Platforms Located on the Continental Shelf	Signatory
Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents	State Party
Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism	-----

¹ The **Status** of a State's participation in treaties and organizations is defined in terms of its membership of and adherence to international organizations, treaties and agreements. A **State Party** fulfilled and implemented domestic legislative legal practices to bring about the legal application of the Treaty on the government and other entities to which the Treaty is applicable, such as formal approval by parliament or legislative bodies, and the Treaty is formally declared to be applicable on the State Party, and the required legal instrument of ratification has been duly deposited with the depositary. A **Signatory State** refers to a State whose competent authority or representative has affixed its signature to a Treaty text thus indicating acceptance of the Treaty and a commitment not to undertake any actions that would undermine the purpose of the Treaty, according to the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties, pending formal ratification.

² The IAEA Board of Governors on 18 July 1991 concluded that Iraq was in non-compliance with its Safeguards Agreement and, in line with Article XII.C of the Agency's Statute and Article III:2 of the Agreement governing the relationship between the United Nations and the Agency, the Board of Governors of the IAEA found that Iraq had not complied with its obligations under its safeguards agreement with the Agency.

³ A set of voluntary confidence building measures agreed to at the Second Review Conference of the States party to the BTWC (1986) under Article V.

⁴ Submitted information on BTWC CBM reports in the following years: 1993, 1995-1997, 2008.

⁵ A number of States, including the Iraq, declared upon their accession to the Protocol that it would cease to be binding on them if their enemies, or the allies of their enemies, failed to respect the prohibitions of the Protocol.

⁶ Resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.

⁷ Resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.

⁸ Resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.